

LEADERS SEEK TO STARVE OUT SULZER

Legislature Will Provide Well for Its Forces and Skimp Governor's.

FIGHT WITHOUT QUARTER

Supplementary Supply Bill to Be Passed Regardless of Any Message.

ALBANY, July 18.—Gov. Sulzer is beginning to realize that he has the Legislature on his hands. He expected that the legislature would clean up their work this week and go home. After that the Governor thought he would have time to organize the friends of the direct primary bill throughout the State so that they can all unite without regard to party in each Assembly district on candidates for the assembly at the November election, pledged to support the Sulzer primary measure.

At the close of the regular session, Gov. Sulzer cut out of the annual appropriation and supply bills items aggregating \$2,000,000, which he thought either should be reduced or the method of expenditure changed. He intimated at the time that he would sign a supplemental supply bill at the extra session taking care of these items.

When the Democratic legislative leaders submitted such a bill to the Governor early this week he said he would look it over. He has not yet sent it to the Legislature for passage.

Item for Contingent Expenses.

The bill contains an item of \$140,000 for the contingent expenses of the Legislature during the present session, including the regular session which ended in May. The item was voted by the Governor during the thirty day period after the regular session because it would provide funds for the expenses of the legislative investigating committees, including the Frawley committee and the special committee which is to investigate telephone and telegraph companies.

The Governor wanted the Democratic leaders to give him an appropriation of \$100,000 to pay experts employed by John A. Hennessy in his good roads and other investigations and \$20,000 which they say the Governor wants to pay for his direct primary campaign printing. This was refused to the Governor by the Legislature, as well as several other appropriation items he desired.

Sulzer told the Democratic leaders today that he was not inclined to send a special message which would permit the passage of a supplemental supply bill. They notified Gov. Sulzer that in taking such a position he could not embarrass the members of the Legislature themselves, as their salaries and expenses do not come out of the contingent fund, from which is paid only what might be the incidental expenses of the Legislature.

But the leaders have been advised that the Legislature can pass a supplemental supply bill without a special message from the Governor. This they will do next week. If the Governor vetoes it the Legislature will pass the bill over his veto.

The Governor's Position.

The State Comptroller is friendly with the Democratic State organization, and so is the Attorney General of the State, and it is declared that the Governor would be helpless in the situation.

If Gov. Sulzer does not give the legislative leaders this special message, they plan in retaliation at the regular session in January to furnish Gov. Sulzer and his appointees only appropriations absolutely needed to keep their departments going, but will make munificent appropriations for departments controlled by regular State organization Democrats.

"Did you agree to give the Democratic legislative leaders a special message favoring the passage of a supplemental supply bill?" Mr. Sulzer was asked to-night.

"Well, I told them," replied the Governor, "that I had sent them a number of special messages which they paid no attention to and that it was not much use sending them any more." The Governor winked as he walked away.

Watching Sommer's Health.

The Sulzer Democrats are watching the condition of State Comptroller William Sommer, who went abroad in May for his health. Mr. Sommer is not only a Tammany Democrat but a personal friend of Charles F. Murphy.

If anything should happen to Sommer with the Legislature not in session Gov. Sulzer would have sole power to appoint a new Comptroller.

Gov. Sulzer practically has only begun the fight from the patronage standpoint. He is trying to eliminate Murphy men as rapidly as possible. During the last two weeks he has placed his own political adherents into a score of jobs paying from \$3,000 to \$5,000 each.

A survey of the distribution of patronage as between the Sulzer and Murphy political camps shows that Sulzer and his friends control departments which have expenditures of about \$20,000,000 and the Murphy men have departments which control expenditures of about \$12,000,000 a year. The balance of the \$47,000,000 State expenditures annually are what might be termed non-political.

The Senate and Assembly met to-day to make it a legislative day, then adjourned until to-morrow at 10 o'clock, when adjournment will be taken until next Tuesday morning.

ROB SCRIBNERS AND OGDENS.

Burglars Steal Silverware From Two Morrisania Residences.

MORRISANIA, N. J., July 18.—Burglars entered the residence of Charles Scribner, the publisher, on Van Beuren road early this morning and stole solid silverware valued at \$3,000. Ogdens was valued at \$1,000 was also stolen from the home of Joseph W. Ogdens on Loantaka terrace, about a quarter of a mile from the Scribner house.

At neither place did the occupants of the house know anything about the robbery until this morning. At the Scribner's were Mr. and Mrs. Scribner, Charles Scribner, Jr., and seven servants. At the other residence were Mr. and Mrs. Ogdens and five servants. In both cases the thieves confined their work to the dining room. All the plated ware was left. Entrance to both places was gained by prying open a dining room window.

HALLERAN ACCUSED BY WIFE.

Says Man Who Brought \$50,000 Allegation Suit Was Unfaithful.

LITTMAN DECIDES NOT TO REENLIST

Declares That His Action Was Meant to Fight Religious Intolerance.

ALBANY, July 18.—Gov. Sulzer said today that the Litman case was a local incident as far as he was concerned. He made this statement after he had read a letter from ex-Sergeant Samuel Litman declining to take advantage of the Governor's offer to grant him permission to reenlist in Company B of the Forty-seventh Regiment of Brooklyn, in which he was denied promotion by Col. Henry C. Barthman.

"Mr. Litman's case is a local one. I do not desire to reenlist and again try for the Second Lieutenantcy, and that ends the whole case," said the Governor. The recommendations of Col. Barthman, who investigated Litman's charge that he had been discriminated against, have been carried out to the letter.

"Let us hope that no similar case will ever arise in our State and that this will be a salutary lesson to all officers and men in the National Guard."

In his letter of declination Litman told the Governor that he had no desire to reenlist in the regiment. He wrote as follows:

"By your determination permission is given me to resign my commission, with the end in view that I be permitted to resign my commission, or failing therein the alternative is presented of the probable disbandment of the company."

"There is no reason why I should be for the boys of Company B. The disbandment of the company is alien to my every desire. It would render Captain Tiffany a good man and cause him and other good men to suffer vicariously for the Colonel's offense."

"Why should the innocent bear the burden of the bigot's sin? By my resignation I sever forever all ties with the regiment and dedicated myself to the struggle to strike down the barriers of religious intolerance in the National Guard, so that Americans, regardless of race or creed, might have free opportunity to give themselves up in military service to the State."

"My personality is but a negligible factor in the equation of the basic principles of the American commission, no boon, no advancement for self. I hear Colonel Barthman malice."

"By your decision you have determined that Colonel Barthman's conduct was a provocation and that the killing and ambushing among enlisted men of the National Guard. How shall this offense be penalized so that punishment may serve as a deterrent?"

BOY CROOKS PUZZLE JUDGE.

Doesn't Know Where to Send Criminals Inspired by Plays.

When Nathan Koshelle and Louis Koenig, two 16-year-old boys who had pleaded guilty to a string of bold robberies and holdups, went before Judge Foster of General Sessions for sentence yesterday, the Judge was uncertain how to make punishment fit the crime.

Assistant District Attorney Morris Koenig explained that the boys had made a statement to him admitting their thefts and claiming that they were inspired by reading books and seeing plays of crime.

"This is a unique case," said Judge Foster, "and I am not sure how to do with these boys. They are serious and merita a severe punishment and yet they are merely boys."

He should send them to State's prison to be hardened criminals and stamp them as hardened criminals and yet thirteen months is the extent of the term I may give them in Elmira Reformatory, the court that young men and that this punishment might cause them to do with these boys. They are serious and merita a severe punishment and yet they are merely boys."

The Judge decided to think over the case until Tuesday.

WILL GO TO SCHOOL CONGRESS.

Mayor Names Delegates to Attend Buffalo Convention.

Mayor Gaynor appointed delegates yesterday to go to Buffalo for the School Hygiene Congress, which meets the last week of August. The delegates are Dr. Luther H. Guller, Dr. Pierce Clark, Miss Lillian D. Wald, Howard Bradstreet, Lawrence Vellier, Owen Lovejoy, Mr. Laville, Dr. Emmet Holt, Miss Eleanor H. Johnson, Dr. Ernest Lederer and Frank H. Mann.

The purpose of the congress includes discussions on school feeding, hygiene, school hygiene, conservation of vision in school children, health supervision of children, physical education and college hygiene, the Binet-Simon test and the mentally defective child.

COURT EASY ON YOUNG MUSICIA.

Suspends Sentence on Relief That He Was Not in Hair Swindle.

Judge Swann, in General Sessions, suspended sentence yesterday on George Muscia, 18 years old, for the robbery of Antonio Musica of the United States Human Hair Company.

Attorney George Gordon Battle explained to the court that young Muscia had no real part in his father's and brother's manipulations of the Hair Company's affairs. The father is out on bail for the robbery, and Arthur, who pleaded guilty, they were caught by getting money by false invoices on shipments of hair.

WANT GAYNOR VOW TO SPURN TAMMANY

Fusionists Unwilling to Consider Indorsing Mayor Without Pledge.

MURPHY MARKING TIME

Wants to Learn if Gaynor Is Strong Enough to Carry the Ticket Through.

R. Ross Appleton, chairman of the Gaynor nominating committee, said yesterday afternoon that 2,000 letters have been received indorsing the Mayor for renomination. The committee meets on Monday to consider plans for the campaign, and afterward will send a letter to the fusion committee setting forth the Mayor's claims.

Mr. Appleton spoke of the part the Mayor had played in the movement started in his interest.

"I went to him some time ago," said Mr. Appleton, "and in the course of our talk I asked him whether he expected to take a renomination."

"I am sure I don't know who would nominate me," he said. "I am sure no organization will name me. I don't see where any nomination could come from."

"That means," I said, "that your friends will take the matter in hand. Let the people themselves renominate you."

Beginning of Movement.

"He had nothing to say to that, but right there was the beginning of this present movement."

Mr. Appleton said there was no doubt that the people would renominate the Mayor, so great had been the response to the open letter of the committee. "We want the indorsement of everybody," he said.

Serious consideration by the fusion committee of the Mayor's candidacy has been checked by the fear that Tammany Hall will indorse him. The fusionists since first they began to consider candidates have regarded Mayor Gaynor as the likeliest Tammany candidate. Lately they have heard that a Tammany nomination is very improbable.

Charles F. Murphy's friends say that only one thing will make the Mayor a Tammany possibility, and that is evidence that the popular demand for him is overwhelming. Supreme Court Justice Victor J. Dowling is at present the Tammany favorite. In the organization itself sentiment is said to be against the Mayor. In Brooklyn a sentiment has developed in only one Tammany district organization, the one including Coney Island, where the Mayor's excise policy and his elimination of petty grafting on the part of the police have won him many friends.

Fusionists Want Declaration.

In Manhattan the rank and file ask what the Mayor has done for the organization, and the answer is that he has done nothing. It was said yesterday that if Charles F. Murphy and his advisers concluded that the Mayor could carry through the rest of the ticket they would have a hard time forcing the organization to back him for election.

The fusion committee, on the other hand, is ready to insist that the Mayor declare to the work and character of the organization, and the answer is that he has done nothing. It was said yesterday that if Charles F. Murphy and his advisers concluded that the Mayor could carry through the rest of the ticket they would have a hard time forcing the organization to back him for election.

Joseph M. Price, chairman of the committee on candidates, was asked yesterday how seriously the committee is taking the campaign of John Purroy Mitchell for Mayor.

"Mr. Mitchell's name has always been considered seriously by our committee," he said.

Frank Moss's friends sent out an appeal last night asking that 500 voters sign a petition backing his candidacy for the nomination for District Attorney.

Roomers are asked to send their names to Room 118, Hotel Martinique. The petition will go to the fusion committee next week.

WANT AQUEDUCT POLICE.

Aldermen Urged to Take Them On by Prominent Men.

Many citizens argued yesterday before the Board of Aldermen in favor of transferring the men of the aqueduct police force to the Police Department of New York.

Stuyvesant Fish sent a letter in which he declared to the work and character of the men composing the aqueduct force. He said that they would be a valuable addition to the New York force.

Justice Joseph Morchauer wrote that there was a better police force anywhere and referred to the creditable work of the men of the aqueduct men did in running down the murderers of Mrs. Mary Hall, Edward A. "Conner," District Attorney of Dutchess county, said that the men were absolutely fearless.

It was explained to the Aldermen that the men can come on in small bodies as fast as the Board of Water Supply is able to let them on.

THE CITY OF BANGOR BURNED.

Machinery Unleashed in Boat Half Submerged at Boston.

BANGOR, July 18.—No steamer left Boston to-night for Bangor, Me., and other points touched by the City of Bangor of the Eastern Steam Line because of the burning of that boat here to-day. To-night the steamship lay at anchor in the harbor, half under water with her boilers completely submerged. It is believed that her machinery is beyond repair. The damage was valued at \$75,000.

The cause of the burning was an unidentified man was found aboard the boat. No other lives were lost. George Barton, a watchman, was burned in running to safety through the flames.

PROMOTER HELD AS SWINDLER.

Caught by Post Office Inspector After Year's Search.

Edmund Wilcox, a promoter, was held by United States Commissioner Shields yesterday in \$1,000 bail for examination on a charge of using the mails to send out literature in which he fraudulently claimed to be in a position to finance banks, railroads, mills and electric, gas and water power plants. He was arrested at his home, 212 East Twentieth street, by Post Office Inspector H. B. Mayhew after a year's search on the part of the postal authorities.

Wilcox was found to have cleaned up at least \$25,000 before he disappeared from the city a year ago.

CAPT. DULFER FACES TRIAL.

Charged With Helping Witness Against Son to Leave Town.

Police Captain John Dulfer, whose son is under indictment for snatching a pocketbook from a young girl in Prospect Park last June, was ordered to Police Headquarters yesterday and relieved from suspension for a few minutes while charges were served on him for alleged part in causing the girl to leave town. She has since returned. Acting Commissioner D. I. McKay says Capt. Dulfer will be tried as soon as possible.

It was said at Headquarters that as soon as Capt. Dulfer learned of his suspension he appeared before acting Commissioner McKay and demanded to be reinstated. The Commissioner refused to act, for he stated that charges were being prepared. Capt. Dulfer is eligible to retire, as he is over 55 years old and has been a member of the department for more than twenty years.

The Kings county Grand Jury yesterday examined witnesses, including Deputy Police Commissioner Dillon, in an effort to find out where money was being sent in connection with the case. It was said that Capt. Dulfer gave the girl money through her employer, Lockwood Barr.

Commissioner Dillon was before the Grand Jury an hour. It is said that he testified to what Mr. and Mrs. Barr had told him about the case. He was followed by Barr who admitted that he gave the girl the money for the trip. Barr was also in the jury room an hour. Later Mrs. Barr and two detectives were called.

ONE DEAD, FIVE BURNED IN GASOLINE BLOWUP

Scare in Factory District Sends 3,000 Hurrying to the Street.

An explosion of gasoline vapor started a fire in the factory of the Model Button Works, on the third floor of the six story building at 141 West Twentieth street, yesterday morning in which one woman was badly burned and five others were killed. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor. The fire spread to the tanks of gasoline in the rear of the lot and, fed by this, jumped through the two floors above. Two men were trapped on the fifth floor.

THIRICE MARRIED MAN SUED BY FIRST WIFE

Comes From Russia After Seventeen Years to Make Husband Support Her.

DIVORCED TWICE BY RABBI

Justice, After Hearing Knotty Problems, Doubts Success of Woman's Action.

A complicated marital tangle was submitted to Supreme Court Justice Goff yesterday. He was asked to decide whether a man, who had been divorced twice from his first wife and had since married two other women, must pay alimony to the first wife while she sued him for a third divorce.

The unusual question was presented in a suit of Mrs. Dora Rakocz, who recently arrived here from Russia, against Ella Rakocz, who has since changed his name to Alexander Duff and is now a prosperous Lenox avenue hat merchant. Mrs. Rakocz sues for divorce on the ground that her husband was never legally divorced from her, and is not lawfully wedded to Sarah Lustig, who married him in 1906.

The parties to the present suit were married in Warsaw, Russian Poland, in 1889, and two sons were born to them. After two years they separated and Rakocz applied for a rabbinical divorce. He was unable to get it because the application was made after sundown at the end of one month, and the rabbi told him he couldn't grant the divorce because no time could be affixed to the decree.

Got Rabbinical Divorce.

Three years later, during which time they had lived apart, Rakocz and his wife went before the official rabbi in Warsaw and got their divorce. He left Russia at once and came to America. On the way he lost his divorce papers and when he arrived here he became known to many as Miss Ella Cohen. Because of the loss of his divorce papers he asked a New York rabbi for advice, and was told to get a "redivorce," which was done. His second wife died a few months later, and in 1906 Rakocz, who had become Duff, married Sarah Lustig. Duff had forgotten all about his first wife in Russia until she arrived here a few months ago with two grownup sons and demanded support. He insisted that she was legally divorced from her, and she brought her suit.

In opposing his first wife's application for alimony Duff submitted to Justice Goff an affidavit by the Rev. Dr. Judah Leon Magnes, formerly assistant rabbi of Temple Emanuel-EI. Dr. Magnes said that the question as to the validity of Duff's divorce from his first wife was submitted to him in 1906, when he was asked to marry Duff and Miss Cohen. Dr. Magnes said he was satisfied that the divorce was valid and married the couple. In explaining the rabbinical divorce law he said:

"Under the Jewish law the plaintiff is always the husband, and a divorce may be obtained by mutual consent or for incompatibility or other grounds. If the wife wishes a divorce she must first get her husband's consent, and he becomes the applicant. If the husband is in America he gets a letter of divorce from his rabbi, who sends it to the wife's rabbi, wherever she lives. The Jewish law recognizes no territorial limitations, and regards all Jews as within its jurisdiction."

The plaintiff insisted that Duff's second divorce was of no force because he lived in America while she was in Russia. Justice Goff said that he doubted that the plaintiff could succeed in her action. Her delay of seventeen years in asserting her claim and her knowledge of the defendant's subsequent marriages, he thought, were sufficient to justify a denial of her application.

HELD FOR MAKING BOY DRUNK.

Victim Might Have Died But for Policeman's Cup of Coffee.

Frank R. Smith, 25 years old, a longshoreman living at 322 Hudson avenue, Brooklyn, was held in \$500 bail before Magistrate Nolan in the Tombs police court yesterday on a charge of impairing the morals of a fifteen-year-old boy by giving him beer and whiskey until the lad's life was endangered. Patrolman Cornelius O'Neill of the Mulberry street station saw Smith at Grand and Mulberry streets at 3 o'clock yesterday morning, carrying in his arms Joseph Toye, of 283 Hudson avenue, Brooklyn. The policeman thought the boy was being taken to a hospital and sent for the ambulance from St. Vincent's Hospital. When Dr. Drepenbreck arrived he said that the boy was suffering from acute alcoholism and that O'Neill had saved his life with a cup of coffee.

The boy was taken to the alcoholic ward of Bellevue Hospital, to ill to appear in court. He said that Smith had been giving him liquor ever since 8 o'clock Thursday night. Smith pleaded not guilty.

CHURCH SERVICES TO-MORROW.

The subject of the lesson sermon in the Christian Science churches to-morrow will be "The Power of the Cross." The Rev. John McNeill, of the Trinity Church, will preach.

"Thou wilt see me the path of life; in thy presence is fulness of joy, at thy right hand there are pleasures for evermore."

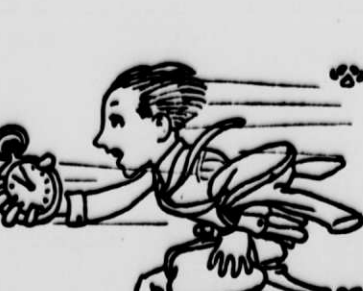
At the chapel of the Intercession, Trinity parish, Broadway and 15th street, the music will include: 11 A. M.—Organ prelude, adagio; Gullmatt; communion service, Richards; solo, "Eye Hath Not Seen," Gullmatt; organ prelude, prayer, Barker, A. P. M.—Organ prelude, adagio; Richter; Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis, Barker, A. P. M.—"Trust in the Lord," Handel; organ postlude, allegro vivace, Richter.

Mary Etheridge Chapin will speak on "Understand the Mysteries" in the Berkeley Church to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. The Rev. John McNeill, the Scotch preacher, is preaching every Sabbath in July at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. in the Central Presbyterian Church, West Fifty-seventh street, between Broadway and Seventh avenue.

Robbins Gilman will speak on "Our Responsibility Toward the Society of To-morrow" at the Sunday afternoon meeting in the lobby of the West Side Y. M. C. A., Fifty-seventh street near Eighth avenue, at 4 o'clock.

The Rev. Frederick K. Howard of Portland, Ore., is to speak in Wall street on July 21 at 12:30 under the auspices of the Evangelical Committee of New York City.

The Rev. Robert F. Y. Pierce, D. D., will tour the financial district, Wall street and vicinity, in an automobile on July 22 and 25, starting at 12:15 o'clock, giving chalk talks under the auspices of the Evangelical Committee.



Time to catch a bargain before you catch a train.

Men's suits at \$15, \$20 and \$25.
Men's shirts at \$1.15, \$1.35 and \$1.85.
Men's wash scarfs at 25c.
Boys' suits—all at bargain prices.
Close at twelve to-day.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Three Broadway Stores
at at at
Warren St. 13th St. 34th St.

AMUSEMENTS.

MOTOR RACES

BRIGHTON BEACH MOTORCOURSE
Every Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday Night.
Express trains from Park Row every 10 minutes.
Autos parked in infield without charge.

GLEN ISLAND

CLAM BAKES AND MORE
DINNERS A SPECIALTY
Automobile Accommodations on Island
Boats Leave Battery and East 24th St